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Decarbonisation Strategies In Energy Systems Modelling: Biochar As A Carbon Capture Technology

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Motivation



Germany's objective: Zero emissions for 2045

Landgewinn project

Goal: Analyse the effect of introducing pyrolysis in the energy system.







What is pyrolysis?

PYROLYSIS is the thermal decomposition in a limited oxygen environment of biomass into biochar, gases and liquids.

BIOCHAR is a solid material with a **high carbon content** obtained from the pyrolysis of biomass.

Advantages to use it as a soil amendment:

- Reduce greenhouse gas emissions: C-Sink
- Improve soil quality

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INSIGHTS



Current situation of biochar production

- Increasing trend
- 130 installations in Europe (end 2022)
- 51 projects are planned for 2023



Installation of biochar production plants in Europe





Model *PyPSA-Eur-biochar*



Scenarios settings

- European energy system
- Electricity sector
- Cost optimal solution

- Limit of **0** emissions of CO_2 equivalent
- Flexibility technologies: hydrogen (electrolysis and fuel cell) and battery
- **Conventional** generators: oil, Open Cycle Gas Turbine (OCGT), Combined Cycle Gas Turbine (CCGT), coal, lignite, geothermal.
- Renewable energy generators: offshore wind-AC, offshore wind-DC, onshore-wind, run of river (ror) and solar



Results

Unit Commitment

- Conventional power plants
- Capacity installed of renewables





Results

Conventional power plants



- those emissions
- Energy system **costs** are

22% lower





Results





Conclusions

Pyrolysis in the energy system

- Makes the energy system cheaper
- Unit commitment changes
- Solar is more predominant in the system rather than wind



Thank you



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Data			
Run	CC	MC	Bm
134	563	36	20.9

Year 2045

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- Capacity installed: 2,245 MW
- Electrical production: 13.4 Twh
- Biochar production: 10.5 Mt
- CO2 sequestration: 28.3 Mt



